<u>CLAIMS</u>

What is claimed is:

1. An electroacoustic receiver for use in a hearing aid further including a power source, an audio input, and a signal processor wherein the receiver is driven with a switching signal having a carrier frequency, the electroacoustic receiver comprising:

a pair of spaced permanent magnets;

a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a conductive element having a thickness and formed into a winding, the winding including a plurality of spaced turns forming a plurality of winding layers, the plurality of spaced turns having a parasitic capacitance between individual turns and a predetermined winding pattern and a predetermined winding pitch for reducing the parasitic capacitance.

- 2. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 1 wherein the winding pitch of the plurality of spaced turns includes a spacing between successive turns of at least three times the thickness of the conductive element.
- 3. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 2 further comprising an insulating material between successive layers of the plurality of winding layers.
- 4. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 3 further comprising an insulating element having a thickness and formed into an insulating winding including a plurality of insulating turns located in the spacing between successive turns of the plurality of spaced turns of the conductive element.
- 5. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 4 further comprising an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.

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- 6. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 5 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.
- 7. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 6 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.
- 8. The electromagnetic receiver of Claim 7 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- 9. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 1 further comprising an insulating material between successive layers of the plurality of winding layers.
- 10. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 9 further comprising an insulating element having a thickness and formed into an insulating winding including a plurality of insulating turns located in the spacing between successive turns of the plurality of spaced turns of the conductive element.
- 11. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 10 further comprising an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.
- The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 11 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding

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modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.

- 13. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 12 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.
 - 14. The electromagnetic receiver of Claim 13 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
 - 15. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 1 further comprising an insulating element having a thickness and formed into an insulating winding including a plurality of insulating turns located between successive turns of the plurality of spaced turns of the conductive element.
 - 16. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 15 further comprising an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.
- 25 17. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 16 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.
- The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 17 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.

- 19. The electromagnetic receiver of Claim 18 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- 20. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 1 further comprising an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.

21. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 20 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.

22. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 21 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.

23. The electromagnetic receiver of Claim 22 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a

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plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.

- 24. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 1 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.
- 25. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 24 wherein each spaced winding module comprises a bank winding.
 - 26. The electromagnetic receiver of Claim 25 wherein the bank winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
 - 27. The electroacoustic receiver of Claim 1 wherein the predetermined winding pattern of the conductive element comprises an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the turnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.

28. A method of reducing the current flow from and increasing the life of a battery provided in a hearing aid having an audio input, and a signal processor, the method comprising the steps of:

providing an electroacoustic receiver driven by a switching signal having a carrier frequency, the receiver comprising a pair of spaced magnets, a coil having a tunnel therethrough, and a reed armature having a central portion that extends through the coil; and

reducing a parasitic capacitance exhibited by the receiver coil by providing a predetermined winding pattern of a conductive element including a plurality of successive turns forming a plurality of successive winding layers and a predetermined winding pitch.

- 29. The method of Claim 28 wherein the predetermined winding pitch includes a spacing between successive turns of at least three times a thickness of the conductive element.
- 30. The method of Claim 28 wherein the reducing a parasitic capacitance step includes providing an insulating material between adjacent layers of the plurality of successive winding layers.
- 31. The method of Claim 28 wherein the reducing a parasitic capacitance step includes providing an insulating element having a thickness and formed into an insulating winding including a plurality of insulating turns located in the between adjacent turns of the plurality of successive turns of the conductive element.
- 32. The method of Claim 28 wherein the reducing a parasitic capacitance step includes providing an insulating film wrapped about the conductive element.
- 33. The method of Claim 28 wherein the predetermined winding pattern comprises a plurality of electrically connected spaced winding modules each

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module comprising a plurality of individual turns forming a plurality of individual layers.

- 34. The method of Claim 28 wherein the predetermined winding pattern is a bank winding.
- 35. The method of Claim 34 wherein the ban winding comprises a second predetermined winding pattern comprising an end portion including a first layer of turns adjacent the tunnel and wound about the tunnel in a first direction along a length of the tunnel and a second layer of turns disposed radially outwardly from the first layer of turns and wound about the first layer of turns in a second direction along the length of the tunnel which is opposite to the first direction, the winding pattern further comprising a second portion including a plurality of turns forming a plurality of layers and progressing in the first direction along the length of the tunnel.
- 36. An electroacoustic receiver comprising: a pair of spaced permanent magnets;

a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a wire having a thickness and formed into a wire winding, the wire winding including a plurality of individual turns having a winding pitch wherein a space between individual turns is at least three times the thickness of the wire; and

a reed armature having a central portion which extends through the coil.

- 25 37. An electroacoustic receiver comprising:
 - a pair of spaced permanent magnets;

a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a plurality of spaced, electrically connected winding modules; and

a reed armature having a central polition which extends through the coil.

38. An electroacoustic receiver comprising:

a pair of spaced permanent magnets;

a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a winding of a wire, the winding having an end portion formed by a first plurality of individual turns originating at a point adjacent the tunnel and expanding radially outwardly to form a boundary layer, thereafter the wire being wound in second succession of individual turns to form a plurality of horizontally disposed layers; and a reed armature having a central portion which extends through the coil.

39. An electroacoustic receiver comprising:

a pair of spaced permanent magnets;

a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil comprising a first wire winding layer, a second winding layer, and an insulating layer wherein the insulating layer is positioned between the first and second winding layers; and a reed armature having a central portion which extends through the coil.

40. An electroacoustic receiver comprising:

a pair of spaced permanent magnets;

a coil having a tunnel therethrough, the coil a plurality of alternating turns of conductive material and non-conductive material; and

a reed armature having a central portion which extends through the coil.

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